

# Syllabus: Object Oriented Programming

Department	Math & CS	Credits	3	Instructor	Sang-Hyun Yoon	Class Room	5708
Subject	MC3201: OOP	Class hrs/wk	3	Lab (e-mail)		Attendee	
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## 1 Course Description

### Course Objectives

On completion of this course, you'll hopefully be able to:

- Use the Python programming language
  - Programming is needed in all areas of science and engineering, although very different languages are used.
- Think computationally
  - Computational thinking influences how you go about solving a problem
  - 50 years ago, the solution to a problem in mathematics or engineering was often a formula. Today, it is usually an algorithm.

### Contents

- Python programming language
  - variables/expressions, dynamic typing
  - conditionals, loops, functions
  - lists, tuples, sets, dictionaries, strings
  - high-order functions
  - recursion
  - user-defined objects, operator overloading
  - encapsulation, inheritance
  - memory model for objects
- Problem solving using Python
  - simple robots
  - scientific computation (e.g. Gaussian elimination, N-body simulation)
  - image processing, recursive graphics
  - recursive puzzles (e.g. N-Queen, Sudoku, minesweeper)
  - winning strategy for simple combinatorial games (e.g. Tic-Tac-Toe)
  - two-player games (e.g. othello)

### Prerequisites

- Programming skill acquired through MC1201/1202

## 2 Text & References

**Text:** *"The Practice of Computing using Python"*, W. Punch, R. Richard

## 3 Grading

- Grading table

Activities	Percentages
Midterm	20%
Final exam	40%
<b>Presentation/Assignments</b>	30%
Attitude/Attendance	10%

- Absolute evaluation
- Programming assignment for each class
- Midterm exam: practical test only (3 hrs)
- Final exam: written test (0.5 hrs) & practical test (3.5 hrs)
- Late-work policy: –30%/day
- Optional bonus problems

## 4 Students' Presentations

- Each lecture consists of students' presentation (in English).
  - The primary goal of EC is to improve students' English.
- Each student is expected to submit a preference list of lecture units.
- Matching will be established by a variant of stable matching algorithm.
- Make your own slides or use the provided slides as it is.
- Students' lecture is evaluated by other students.

## 5 Lecture Schedule

### 0 Administrivia

- Course placement information
- Topics/Plan
- Tool installation

### 1. CS1/CS2 review

- Dynamic typing
- Variables/Expression
- Conditionals (if-else)
- Functions
- Loops (for, while, break/continue)
- Lists
- User-defined objects
- Problems: next permutation, square division, paper folding, pile of cubes, etc.

### 2. Recursion

- Inductive definition of functions
- Ex: Towers of Hanoi, binary search, exponentiation
- Winning strategy of combinatorial games
- Problems: powerset, permutation, counting, N-Queen, Sudoku, simplified Nim game, cyclic coin game, etc.

### 3. High-order functions

- Operations as functions, types as sets, Functions as objects
- High-order functions in Python
- Anonymous functions (lambda)
- Scope of names (local vs. global)
- Default parameters, named parameters
- Variable-length arguments
- Problems: derivatives, integrate, curve length, surface area, Newton-Raphson method, Euler's method, etc.

### 4. Lists

- Creating lists (list comprehensions)
- range keyword
- Traversal
- Aliasing vs. copying
- Shallow vs. deep equality

- Slicing
- As parameters & return values
- Call-by-reference vs. call-by-value
- Built-in operations/functions for lists
- Sorting under user-defined order relations

## 5. Built-in data structures

- Tuples
  - As immutable lists
  - Creating tuples
  - Tuple assignment (across functions, elements of `for` loops)
  - Equality
  - Built-in operations
  - Multiple assignment (`for` loop, return value)
  - Conversion between lists/tuples
- Sets
  - Built-in methods/operations
  - Immutability of elements in sets
  - Deep equality
  - Aliasing/copying
  - `for` loops with sets
  - Conversion between sets/lists/tuples
- Strings
  - As unordered lists
  - As tuples of characters
  - Built-in methods
  - Formatting for print
- Files
  - Reading strings from a file
  - Removing `"\n"` from input strings
  - `for` loops with a file object
  - Write strings to a file
  - Built-in methods
  - Another way to read from a file
- Dictionaries
  - As a set of pairs of key/value
  - Built-in operations/methods
  - `for` loops with dictionaries
  - Immutability of keys
  - Deep equality
  - Aliasing/copying
  - Recursion with memoization ( $\equiv$  dynamic programming)

## 6. User-defined objects I

- Constructors, `self`

- As parameters & return values
- Object methods as pure functions vs. modifiers
- Complicated types with objects
- Operator overloading & deep equality
- Overloadable built-in operators
- Reflected arithmetic operations, comparison operations, class as function
- More on Wing IDE (Debugging, Help system)
- Problems: overloadable operations for rational numbers, operations for matrices over rational numbers

## Midterm Exam

### 7. Memory layout for lists/objects

- Memory model for lists (of lists)
- Alias vs. shallow copy vs. deep copy of lists (of lists)
- Lists as function inputs (call-by-value vs. call-by-reference)
- Lists as function outputs (modifier vs. pure functions)
- Shallow vs. deep equality for lists (of lists)
- Memory model for user-defined objects
- Problems: Gaussian elimination, planar figures of Rubik's cube

### 8. Image processing (cs1media)

- negative, lighter, black-and-white (graystone/real-bw)
- Mirror, (automatic) cropping, rotation, pixelizing vs. blurring
- Edge detection, merging, steganography
- Problems: sepia, reflection, blend, chromakey, posterize, printerize, flood fill

### 9. Graphics (cs1graphics)

- Canvas, drawable object
- Operations on drawable objects
- Layers, animation
- Recursive graphics: fractal

### 10. User-defined objects III

- Class variables/methods, static methods
- N-body simulation
- Problems: 2D elastic collision, overloadable operations for vectors, N-body moving under gravitational force, Brownian motion

### 11. User-defined objects III

- Encapsulation, private variables/methods
- Inheritance, multiple inheritance, super
- Tic-Tac-Toe game
- Problems: inherited classes for line, ling segment, and half-lines, winning strategy for Tic-Tac-Toe

### 12. Recursive puzzles

- N-Queen with graphics
- Sudoku with graphics

### 13. Recursive games

- Minesweeper
- Othello

### Final Exam

## 6 Lecture Schedule (Tabular)

Lec #	Topics	Subtopics
1	CS1/CS2 review	
2	Recursion	combinatorial games
3	High-Order Functions	scope, default param.
4	Lists	sort
5	Built-In Data Structures	set/dictionary/tuple/..
6	User-Defined Objects I	debugger
	<i>Midterm Exam</i>	
7	Memory Layout for Objects	gaussian elimination
8	Image Processing	
9	Graphics	
10	User-Defined Objects II	N-body simulation
11	User-Defined Objects III	tic-tac-toe
12	Recursive Puzzles	N-queen, sudoku
13	Recursive Games	minesweeper, othello
	<i>Final Exam</i>	

## Lecture Units for Students' Presentation

- score =  $\max(20, \sum \text{credits} \times \text{evaluation (from other students)})$ 
  - If you selected two units with credits 12 and 15 and the evaluation points is 45/100 and 95/100, respectively, then the score is  $\max(20, 12 \times 0.45 + 15 \times 0.95) = 19.65$
- Each team consists of 1~3 students.

Class No: \_\_\_\_\_ Student ID: \_\_\_\_\_ Name : \_\_\_\_\_

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No.	Topics	Credits	Preference
L1	CS1/CS2 Review		N/A
L2	Recursion	18	
L3	High-Order Functions	14	
L4	Lists	13	
L5	Built-In Data Structures	12	
L6	User-Defined Objects I	10	
	<i>Midterm Exam</i>		
L7	Memory Layout for Objects	18	TBD
L8	Image Processing	12	TBD
L9	Graphics	14	TBD
L10	User-Defined Objects II	10	TBD
L11	User-Defined Objects III	10	TBD
L12	Recursive Puzzles		N/A
L13	Recursive Games		N/A

- Matching will be established by a variant of stable matching algorithm.
- If some unit would not be selected by any students, it will be randomly assigned to a student.
- Mark as many units as possible to avoid topic that you don't want.

Example:

No.	Topics	Credits	Preference
L2	Recursion	18	<b>1</b>
L3	High-Order Functions	14	<b>4</b>
L4	Lists	13	<b>2</b>
L5	Built-In Data Structures	12	<b>5</b>
L6	User-Defined Objects I	10	<b>3</b>